

Tárgytematika / Course Description

Price and Market Theory

NGM_AK108_1

Tárgyfelelős neve /

Teacher's name: dr. Kovács Norbert

Félév / Semester: 2017/18/1

Beszámolási forma /

Assesment: Vizsga

Tárgy heti óraszáma /

Teaching hours(week): 4/0/0

Tárgy féléves óraszáma /

Teaching hours(sem.): 0/0/0

OKTATÁS CÉLJA / AIM OF THE COURSE

Az ár - és piacelmélet a modern közigazdaságtan egyik, talán legdinamikusabban fejlődő területe. A tárgy célja azon analitikus gondolkodásmód és elemzési eszköztár alapjainak lerakása, mely a valóságos üzleti élet jelenségeit kívánja kezelní, összekötő kapcsot képezve az elméleti mikroökonómia és az üzleti tudományok között.

TANTÁRGY TARTALMA / DESCRIPTION

Week	Topic
1	Introduction and Theoretical Background I. – Aim and methodology if Price Theory. Competition Policy: History, Objectives, and the Law;
2	Introduction and Theoretical Background II.– Pure market structures: monopoly monopsony, perfect competition, perfect duopoly, measuring market structure and market power, concentration and profitability
3	Non-perfect Models: - cost functions of multiproduct companies, - dominant firm-competitive fringe model; - introduction to price discrimination;
4.	Price Discrimination and Monopoly: - linear pricing: third degree price discrimination or group pricing; - non-linear pricing: first and second degree price discrimination - social welfare and price discrimination

5.	Commodity Bundling and Tie-in Sales - Stiegler model - Adams and Yellen model
6.	Product Variety and Quality Under Monopoly - a spatial approach to horizontal product differentiation
7.	Bertrand in a Spatial Setting Stackelberg in a Spatial Setting – sequential price competition
8.	Anticompetitive Strategies I. – Capacity expansion as a credible entry-deterring commitment /Dixit-model/
9.	Anticompetitive Strategies II. – Predation and imperfect information /Bolton-Scharfstein modell, Milgrom-Roberts modell/
10.	Anticompetitive Strategies III. – Predation and long-term exclusive contracts /Aghion-Bolton, Rasmusen-Rasmayer-Wiley/
11.	Price fixing and repeated games: - finitely repeated games - infinitely or indefinitely repeated games
12	Advertising and Competition I. – The monopoly firm's profit-maximizing level of advertising
13	Advertising and Competition II. – Advertising and information in product-differentiated markets
14	Advertising and Competition III. – Advertising, brand name, competition

SZÁMONKÉRÉSI ÉS ÉRTÉKELÉSI RENDSZERE / ASSESSMENT'S METHOD

Szóbeli vizsga.

KÖTELEZŐ IRODALOM / OBLIGATORY MATERIAL

Bibliography:

Lynne Pepall – Daniel J. Richards – George Norman [2008]: Industrial Organization. Contemporary Theory and Empirical Applications, Blackwell Publishing, 4th Edition

Drew Fudenberg – Jean Tirole [1991]: Game Theory, The MIT Press, Cambridge

Giorgio Monti [2007]: EC Competition Law, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge

Hal R. Varian [1997]: How to Build an Economic Model in Your Spare Time, UC Berkeley

Jan Boone [2004]: A New Way to Measure Competition, Tilburg University , ENCORE

Jean Tirole [1988]: The Theory of Industrial Organization, The MIT Press, Cambridge

Luis C. Corchón [2001]: Theories of Imperfectly Competitive Markets, Springer, New York

Marcel Canoy - Machiel van Dijk - Jan Lemmen - Ruud de Mooij - Jürgen Weigand [2001]: Competition and Stability in Banking CPB Document, No 015 CPB Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis

Massimo Motta [2004]: Competition Policy – Theory and practice, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge

Michael H. Best [2007]: The New Competition – Institutions of Industrial Restructuring, Polity Press, Cambridge

Michael S. Gal [2003]: Competition Policy for Small Market Economies, Harvard University Press, Cambridge

Paolo Coccores [2002]: Competition among dominant firms in concentrated markets: evidence from the Italian banking industry;Paper for the 6th Annual EUNIP Conference December 5-7, 2002, Abo Akademi University , Abo (Turku), Finland

Tönu Puu – Irina Sushko [2002]: Oigopoly Dynamics – Models and Tools, Springer, Berlin